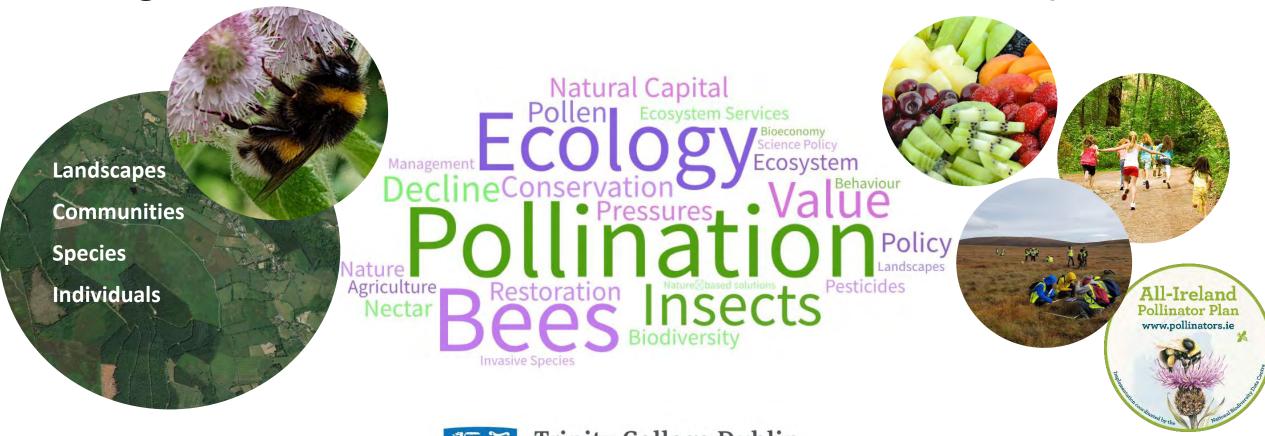


#### **Ecological interactions Human society**







#### **Prof Jane Stout** stoutj@tcd.ie @JaneCStout www.campusbuzz.blog

#### **Plant-animal Interactions** Research Group



Pesticide, parasite and nutritional status for pollinators on





Sarah Gabel Impacts of pesticides on hoverflies



Elena Zioga and Alina Premrov: PROTECTS: Pesticide residues in nectar and pollen, Soil risk assessment @ProtectsProject





Irene Botterro EU H2020 Bee Health project @poshbee eu on farms

#### Biodiversity in relation to landscape features and habitat quality on farmland



Steph Maher: Habitat quality and pollinators



Ceri Green: Enhancing pollinator diversity on farms **KEPAK** 



**NBDC**: EIP-AGRI **Protecting Farmland Pollinators** 



Farmland biodiversity

#### **Urban biodiversity**



Cian White Urban Nature-based Solutions for bees @ConnectingNBS



Aoibheann Gaughran Biodiversity audit for Áras an Uachtaráin

#### Bumblebees: behaviour and ecology



Jordan Chetcuti Developing the Bombus model for AI MaSS framework



#### Natural Capital approach



Catherine Farrell @incaseproject



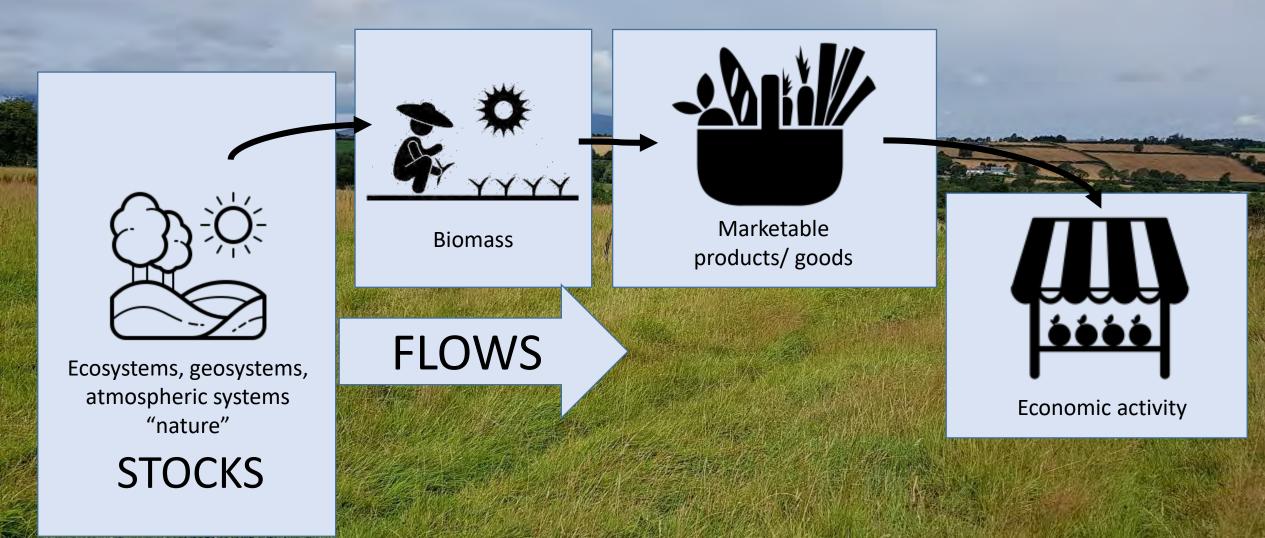
**Andrew Neill** Natural Capital Accounting Natural Capital approach to bioeconomy

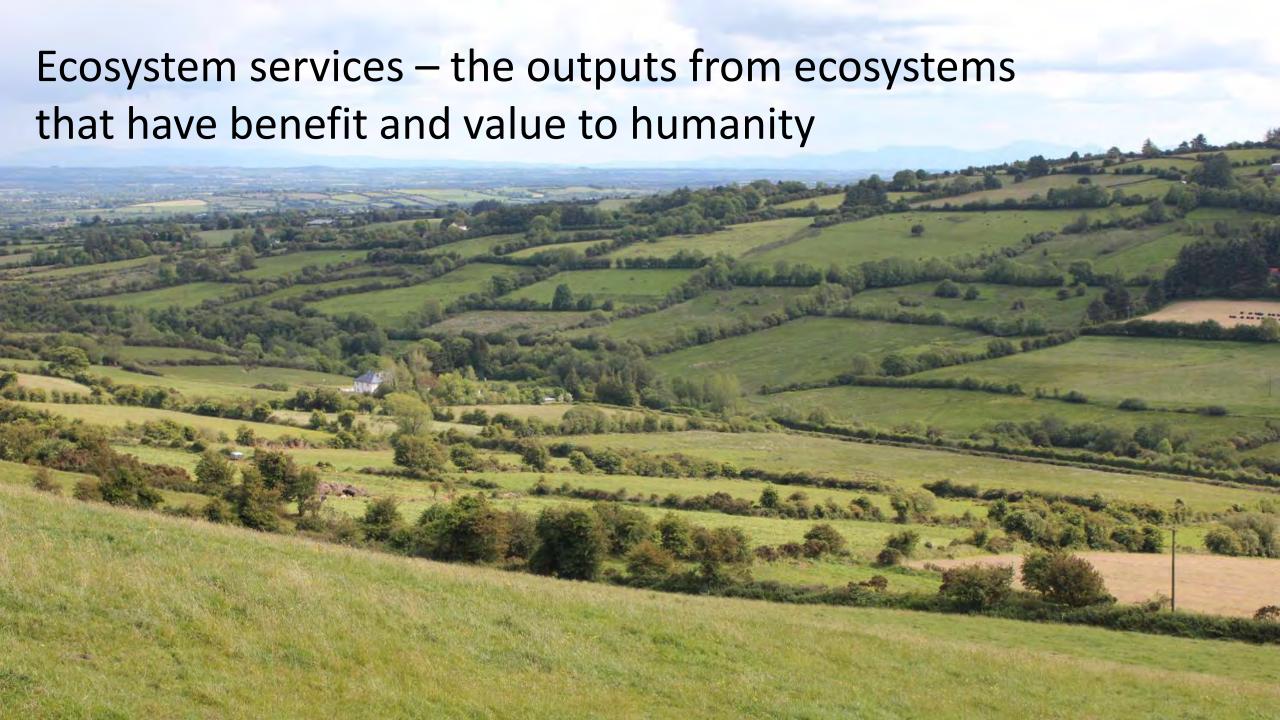
## Natural capital concept is gaining political traction

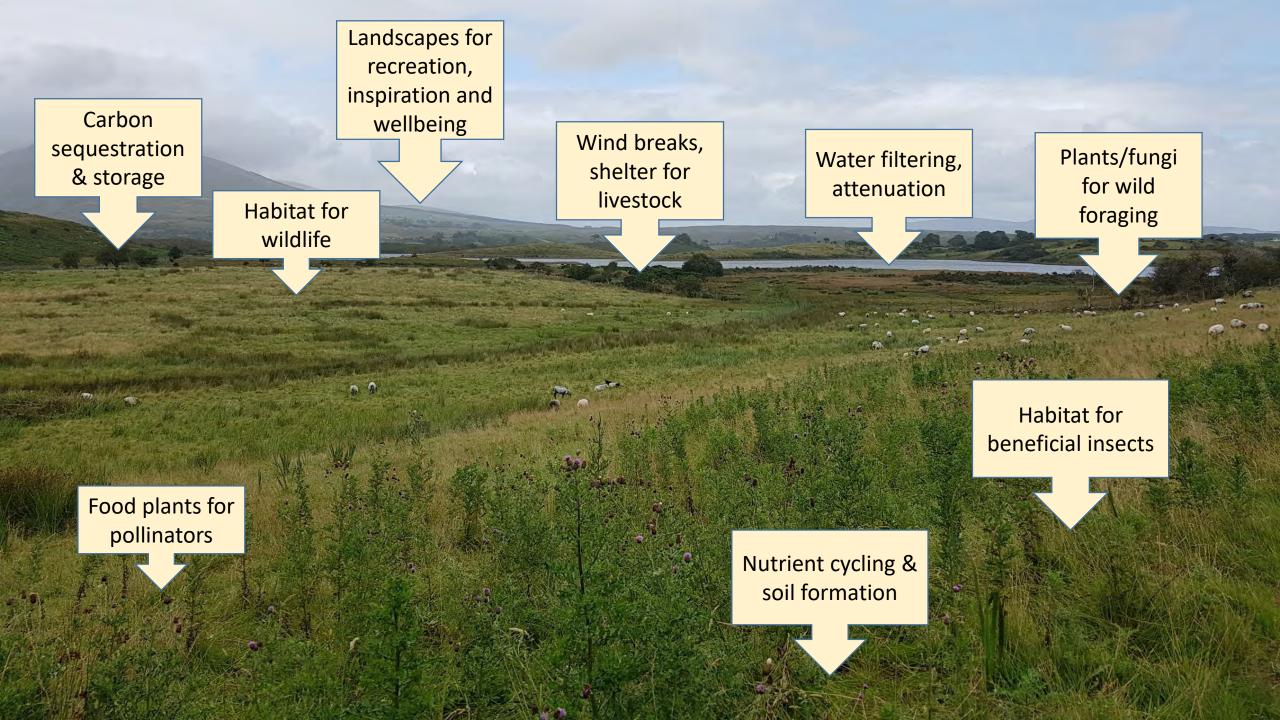


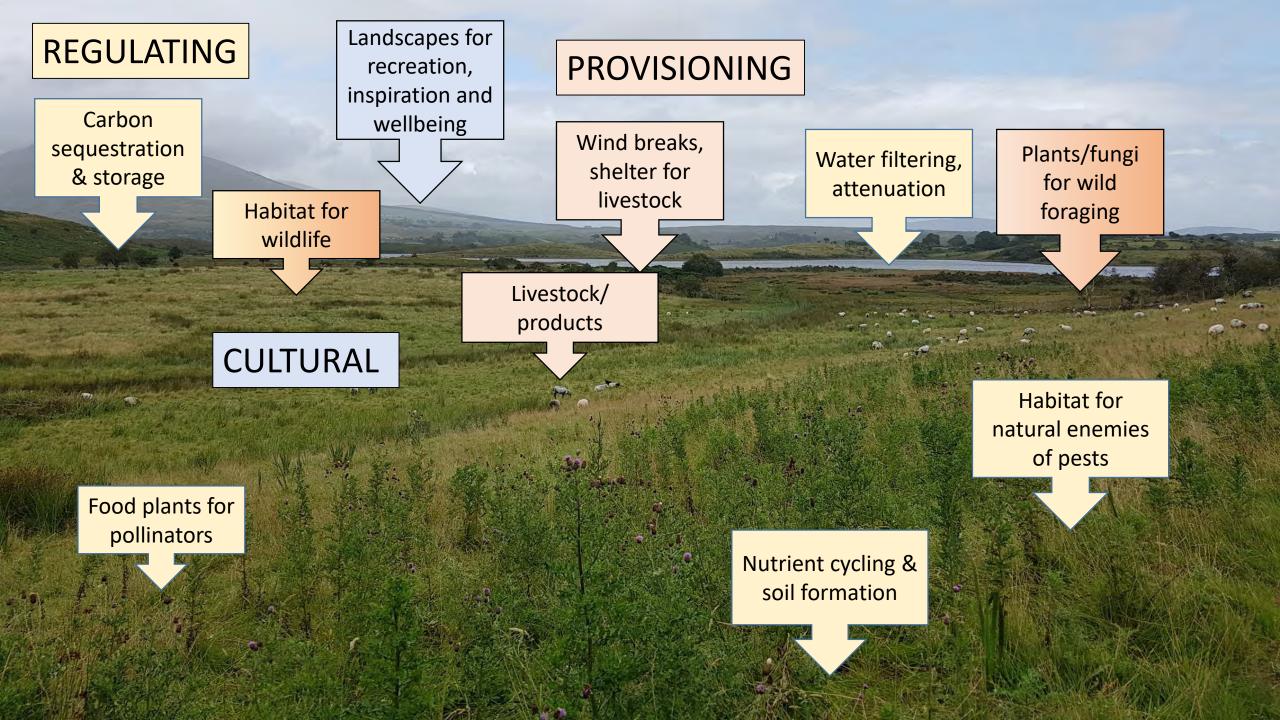
"All EU policies should contribute to preserving and restoring Europe's natural capital"

## What is natural capital?









#### Ecosystem services by farmland insects



Image credit: Annie Smith

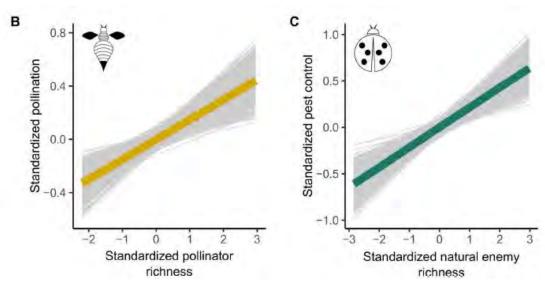
Image credit: Aoibheann Gaughran

Image credit: April Nobile

- Flower-visitors act as pollinators
- Dung beetles bury dung – reduces spoiling, recycles nutrients, reduced pests and disease
- Natural enemies regulate populations of pests
- Ants are seed dispersers and soil bioturbators

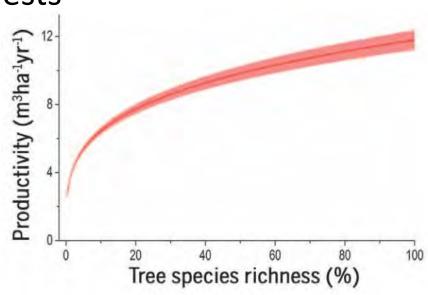
## Diversity matters!

# More species => more pollination and pest control in farmland



Dainese et al. 2019 Science Advances

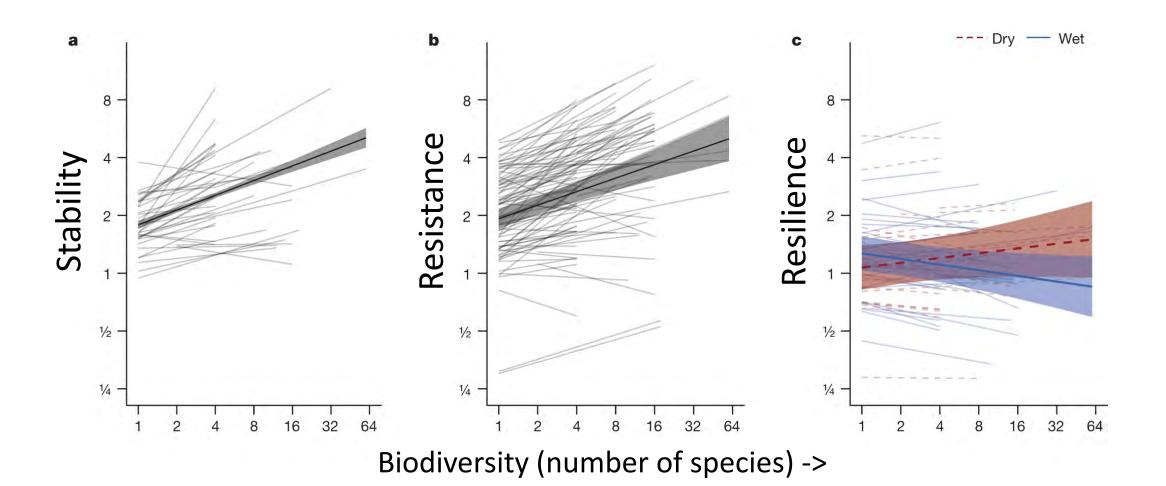
## More species => more biomass in forests



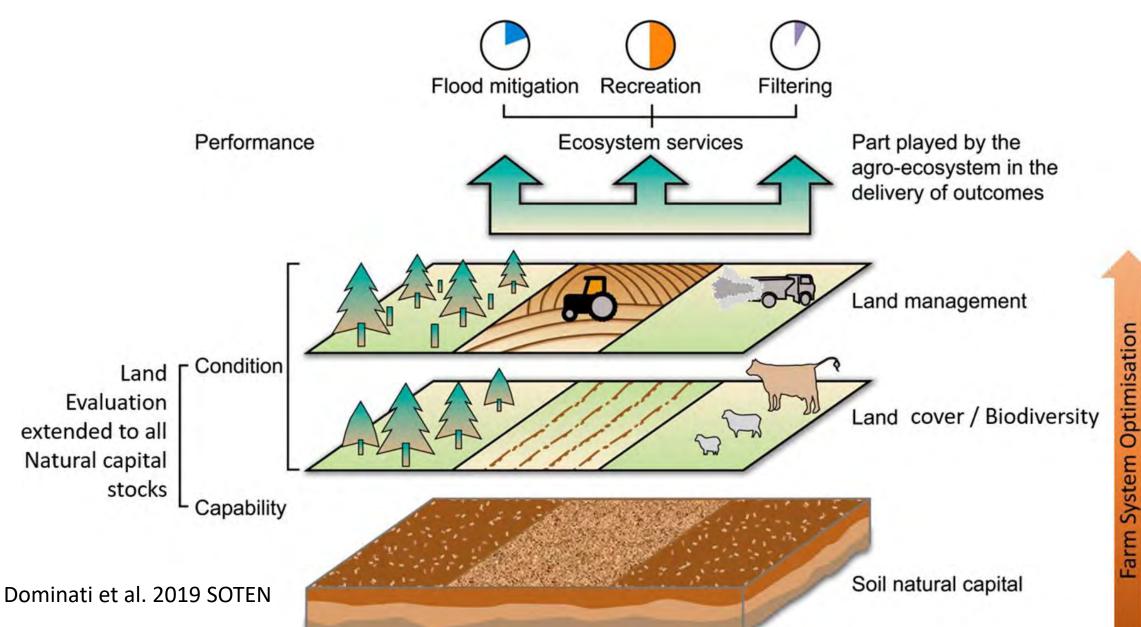
Liang et al. 2016 Science

Multispecies grassland swards outperform PRG in terms of production in plots: "55% grass, 35% legume and 10% herb performed the best – in both the spring and the autumn" Sheridan et al. 2019 SMARTGRASS

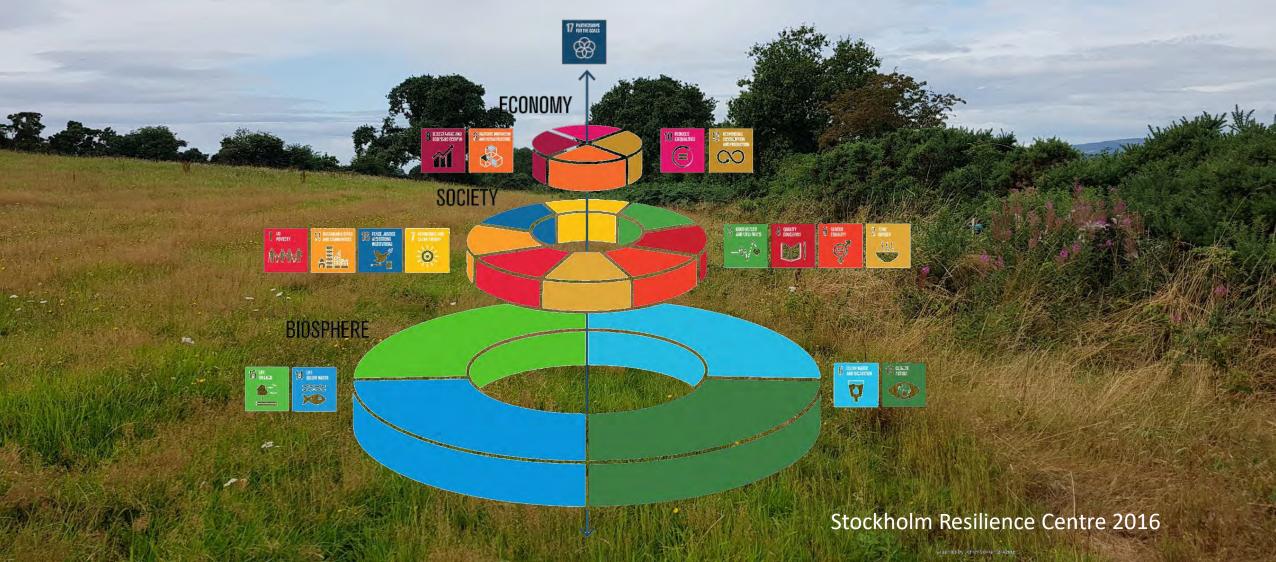
## Diversity matters!



Isbell et al. (2015) Nature



# Natural capital underpins society and economy





- X Natural capital is not about putting a price on nature
- ✓ Natural capital is about valuing nature

#### Total value of nature

- ✓ Marketed goods: price can be used as a proxy
- ✓ Non-market goods: use, preference, replacement costs used as proxies
- ✓ Everything else: no price, but doesn't mean no value







- Price doesn't reflect all costs of production
- eg surveys, measures of activity

## Value of pollinators and pollination services

**Crop pollination** €20-59 Home produced crops worth Production/yield **million** per year (2005-2014) With pollinators x yield x price



Marketed goods



Dependency ratio

Non marketed benefits



**Ecological function** Future potential



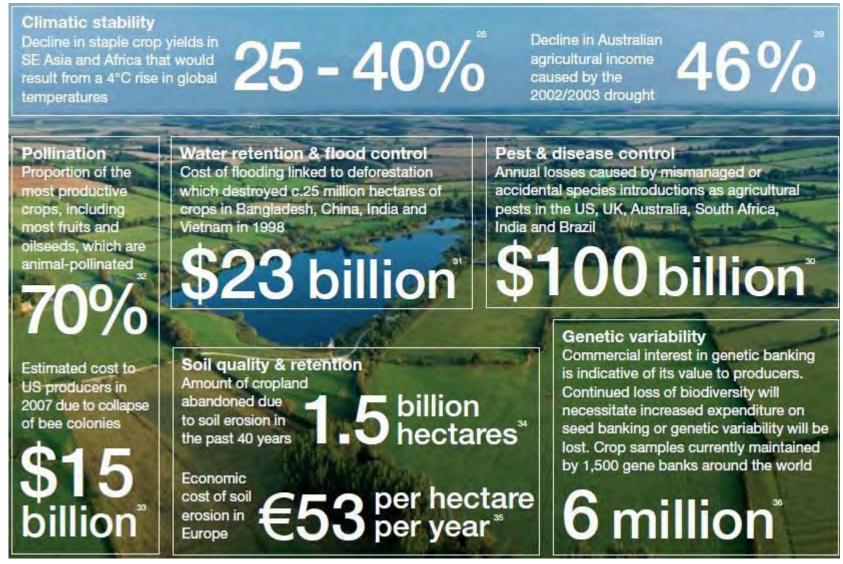


**Existence value** 



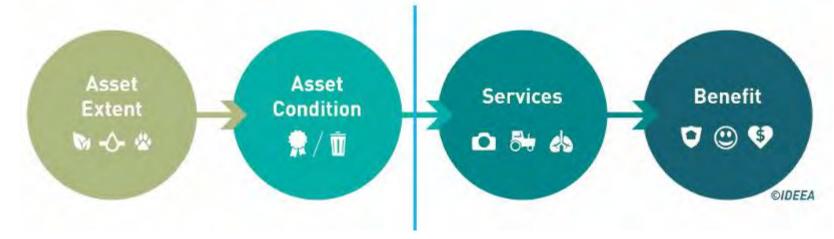
**Bequest value** Stout et al. (2019)

## So why convert value of nature to €€??



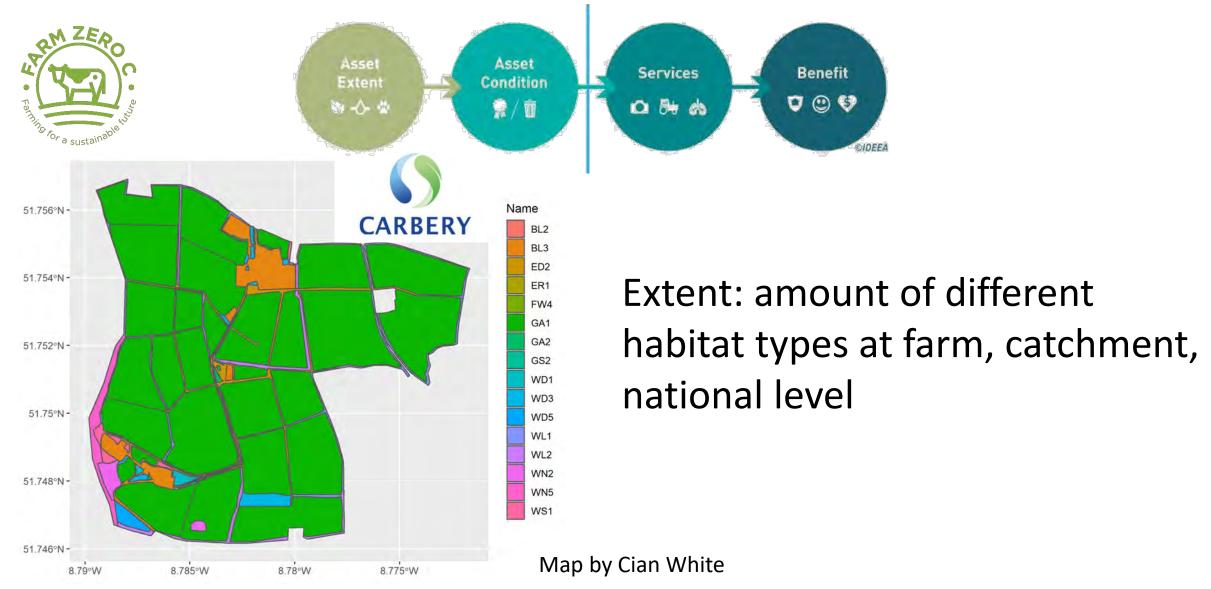
- Draw attention
- Reveal scale of problem

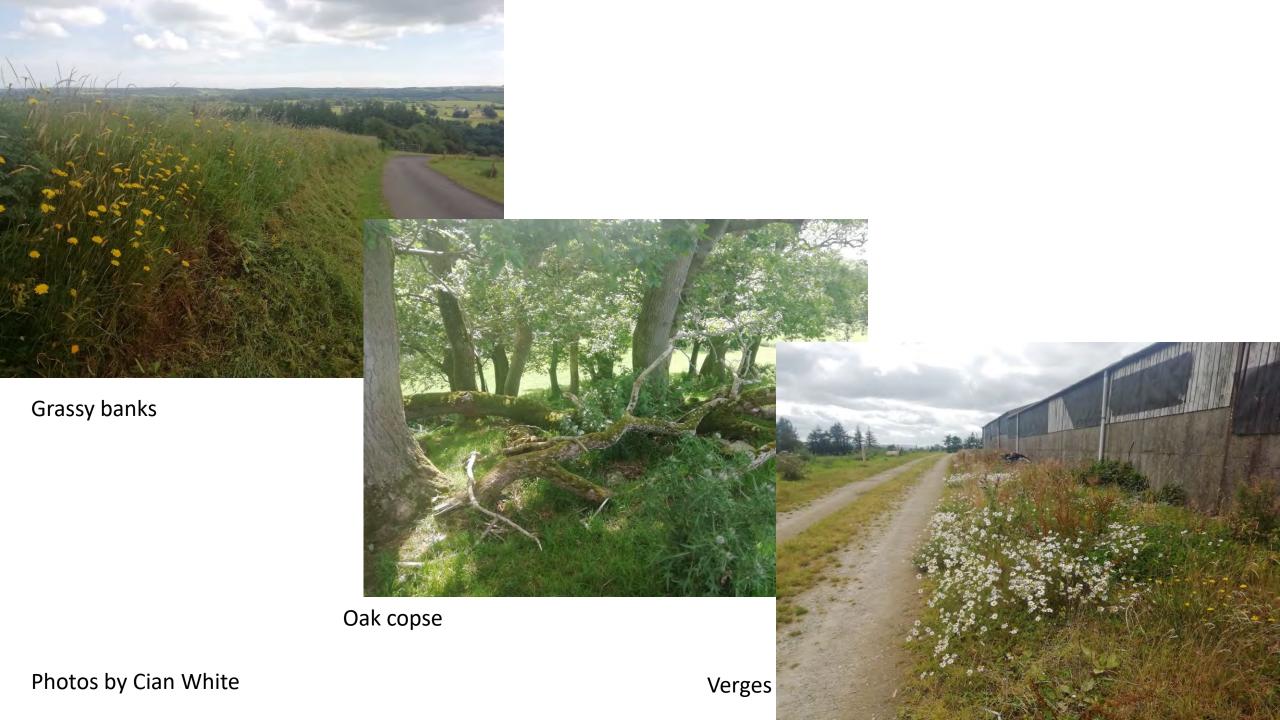


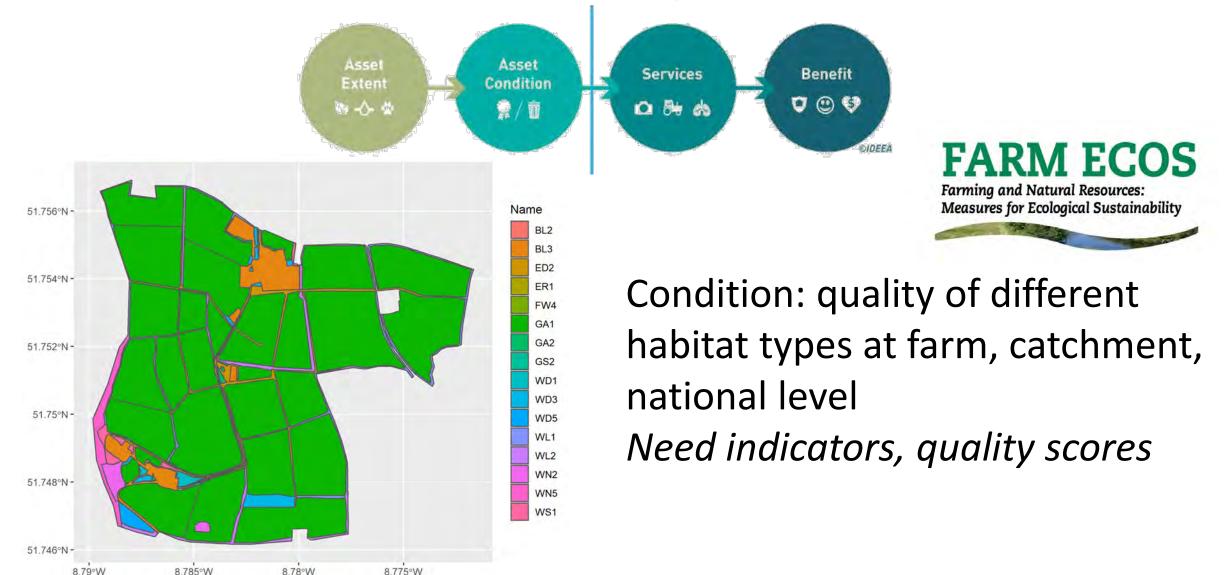














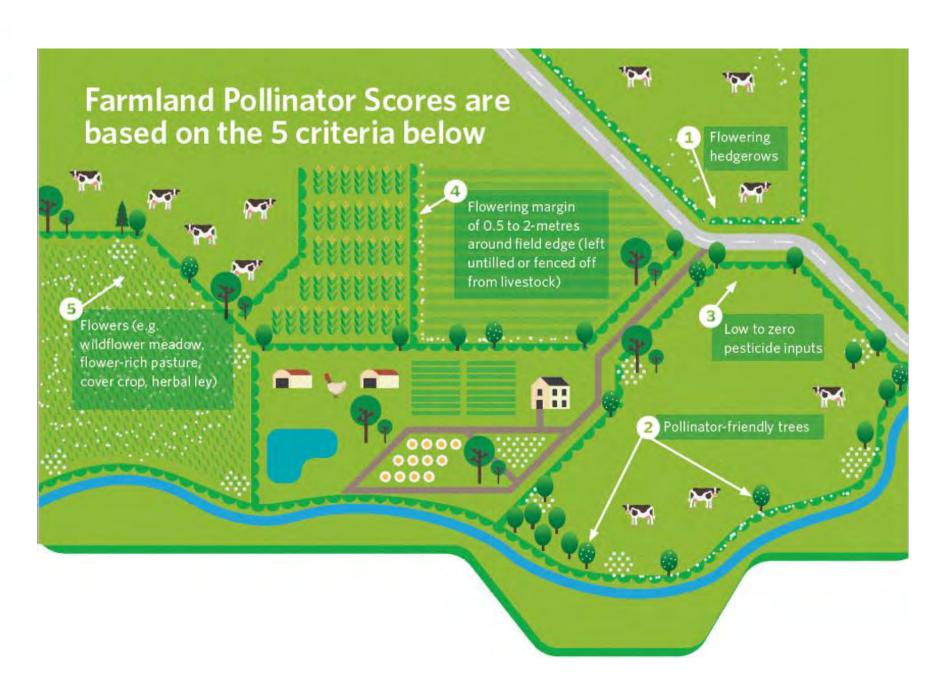
Poor condition

Good condition









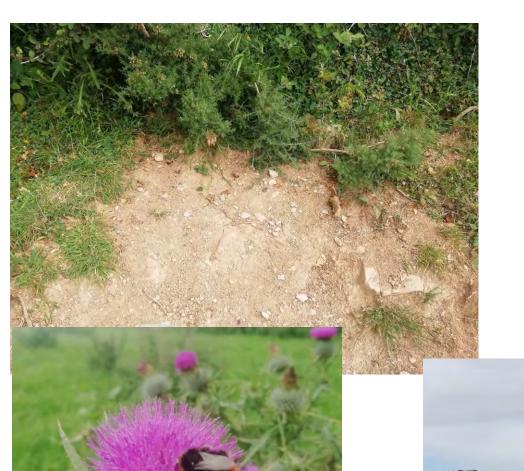


Benefits/services: ecosystem services delivered by different habitats individually and in combination

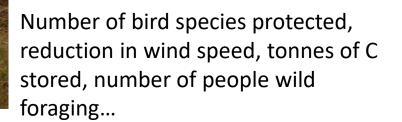
Need data on flows

Benefit

**0 0** 



Volume of water attenuated, tonnes of C stored...



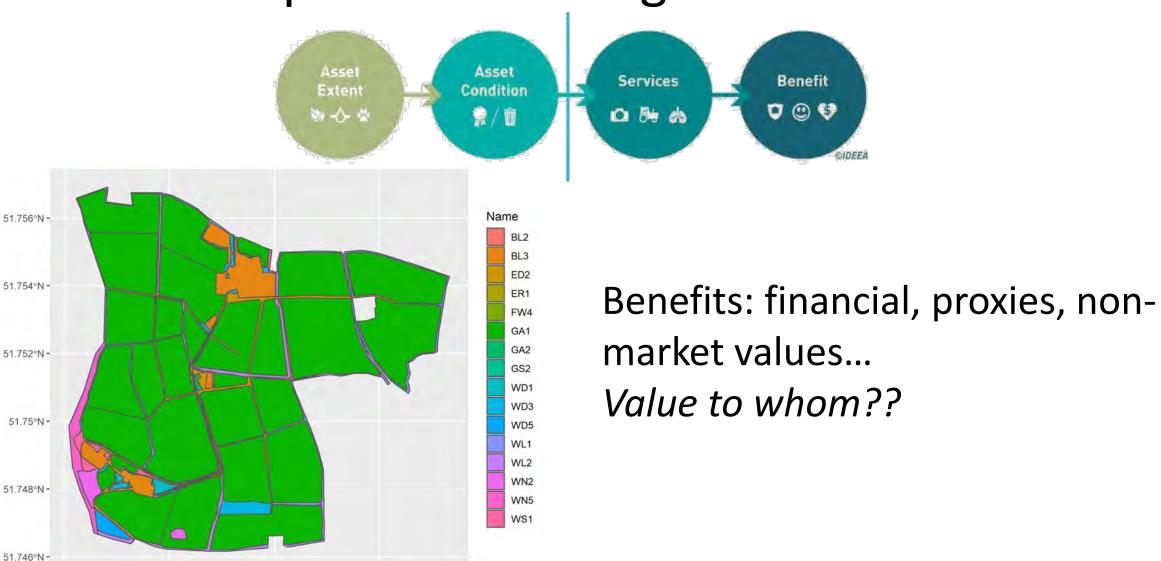
Amount of pollen transfer, predation of crop pests...

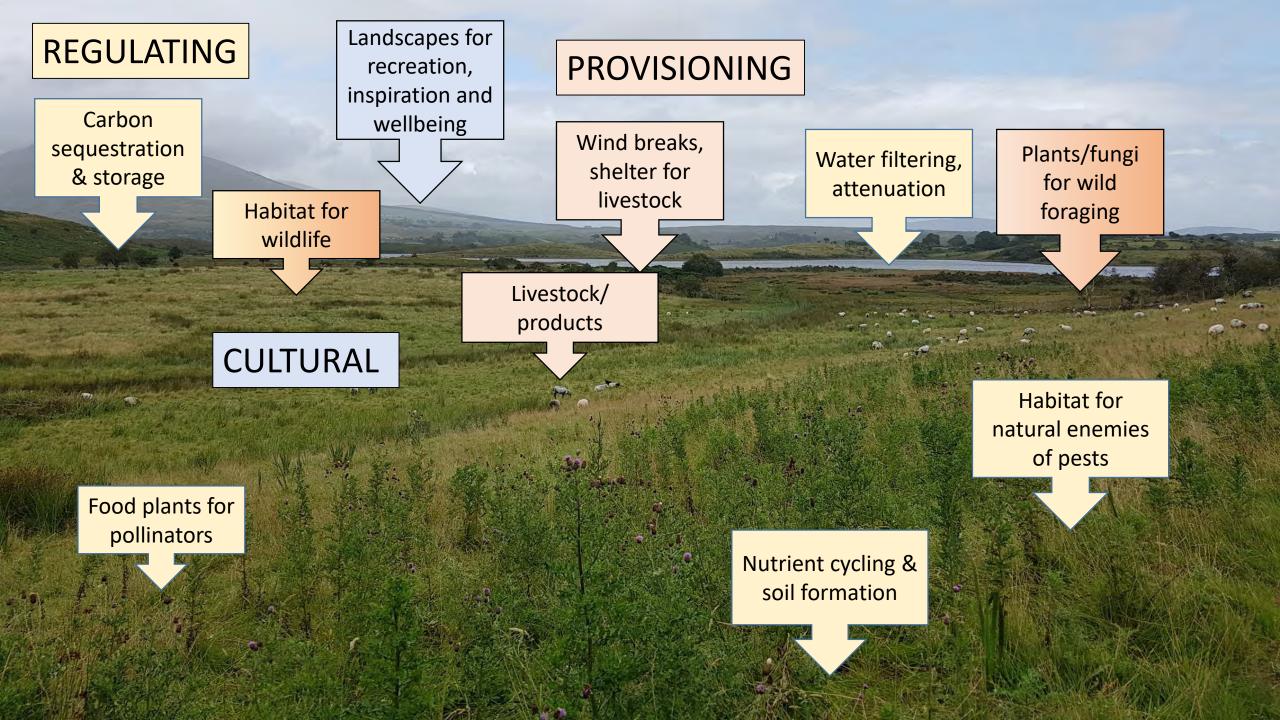
8.78°W

8.775°W

8.785°W

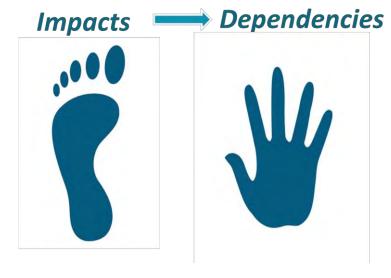
8.79°W

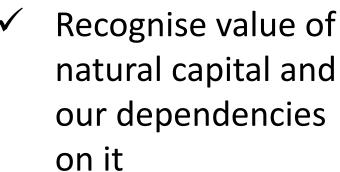


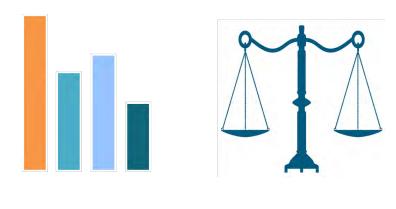


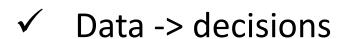


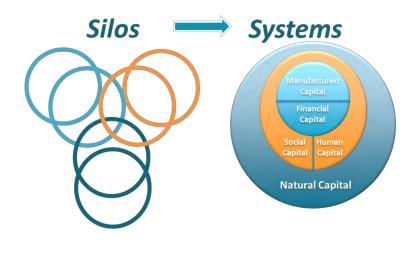
#### Natural Capital Approach











✓ From silos to systems



#### Summary

- ✓ Natural capital frames nature as an asset to be protected and invested in for the future
- ✓ We should measure, account for and allocate it with the same level of exactitude as for financial, built and human capitals
- ✓ Economic valuation can help, but there are other ways too
- ✓ Natural capital's true value is priceless
- ✓ But right now, priceless = worthless

























